

**Table 4. Landscape Plants Relatively Free of Feeding by Adult Japanese Beetle<sup>1</sup>**

| Scientific Name                | Common Name            |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| <i>Acer negundo</i>            | Boxelder*              |
| <i>Acer rubrum</i>             | Red maple              |
| <i>Acer saccharinum</i>        | Silver maple           |
| <i>Buxus sempervirens</i>      | Boxwood                |
| <i>Carya ovata</i>             | Shagbark hickory       |
| <i>Cornus florida</i>          | Flowering dogwood      |
| <i>Diospyros virginiana</i>    | Persimmon              |
| <i>Euonymus species</i>        | Euonymus (all species) |
| <i>Fraxinus americana</i>      | White ash              |
| <i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>  | Green ash              |
| <i>Ilex species</i>            | Holly (all species)    |
| <i>Juglans cinerea</i>         | Butternut              |
| <i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i> | Tuliptree              |
| <i>Liquidambar styraciflua</i> | American sweetgum      |
| <i>Magnolia species</i>        | Magnolia (all species) |
| <i>Morus rubra</i>             | Red mulberry           |
| <i>Populus alba</i>            | White poplar           |
| <i>Pyrus communis</i>          | Common pear            |
| <i>Quercus alba</i>            | White oak              |
| <i>Quercus coccinea</i>        | Scarlet oak            |
| <i>Quercus rubra</i>           | Red oak                |
| <i>Quercus velutina</i>        | Black oak*             |
| <i>Sambucus canadensis</i>     | American elder*        |
| <i>Synga vulgaris</i>          | Common lilac           |

Most evergreen ornamentals, including *Abies* (fir), *Juniperus*, *Taxus*, *Thuja* (arborvitae), *Rhododendron*, *Picea* (spruce), *Pinus* (pine) and *Tsuga* (hemlock) are not attacked.

<sup>1</sup>Courtesy of Sheiner, Townsend and Potter, University of Kentucky

\*Unmarked species undergo little or no feeding. Species marked with an asterisk may suffer occasional light feeding.

**Table 5. Classes of Crabapples Based on their Resistance to Japanese Beetle<sup>1</sup>**

| Class I<br>High<br>Resistance   | Class II<br>Moderate<br>Resistance   | Class III<br>High<br>Susceptibility  |
|---|--|--|
| Ann E.<br>Bob White<br>Brandywine<br>Canar<br>Candied Apple<br>Centurion<br>Harvest Gold<br>Jack<br>Jewelberry<br>Louisa<br>Prairiefire<br>Red Jewel<br>Sargent<br>Silver Moon*<br>Silverdrift<br>Tea<br>White Angle<br>White Cascade | Candymint Sargent<br>David<br>Indian Summer<br>Japanese Flowering<br>Molten Lava<br>Ormiston Roy<br>Profusion<br>Redbud<br>Sinai Fire<br>Snowdrift | Adams<br>Baskatong<br>Donald Wyman<br>Doubloons<br>Indian Magic<br>Liset<br>Madonna<br>Mary Potter<br>Prairie Maid<br>Robinson<br>Selkirk<br>Sentinel<br>Sugar Tyme<br>Velvet Pillar<br>White Candle |

<sup>1</sup>See ID-217 for varieties resistant to both Apple scab and Japanese beetle

\*Not recommended for planting because of susceptibility to fireflight

Revised 2/2010

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